

BANKRUPTCY INFORMATION DISCLOSURE REQUIRED UNDER § 527 (b) OF  
THE BANKRUPTCY CODE

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT BANKRUPTCY ASSISTANCE SERVICES  
FROM AN ATTORNEY OR BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER

Please Note: This Notice is required by legislation adopted by Congress in 2005, after intense lobbying by the credit industry. In our opinion, this notice is designed to scare and intimidate good people who have had bad things happen to them, and need debt relief. This Notice is based on the false assumption that all people who consider bankruptcy relief are dishonest. Please rest assured -- so long as you are honest and meet the requirements set out under the law, you are entitled to debt relief. We can guide you through all the requirements of filing bankruptcy, so long as you provide us accurate and complete information.

If you decide to seek bankruptcy relief, you should be advised that you can represent yourself in all matters connected with the bankruptcy, you can hire an attorney to represent you, or you can get help in some localities from a bankruptcy petition preparer who is not an attorney. **THE LAW REQUIRES AN ATTORNEY OR BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER TO GIVE YOU A WRITTEN CONTRACT SPECIFYING WHAT THE ATTORNEY OR BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER WILL DO FOR YOU AND HOW MUCH IT WILL COST.** Ask to see the contract before you hire anyone.

The following information helps you understand what must be done in a routine bankruptcy case to help you evaluate how much service you need. Although bankruptcy can be complex, many cases are routine. An attorney can help guide you through this intricate process, making it easier and less stressful for you.

Before filing a bankruptcy case, either you or your attorney should analyze your eligibility for different forms of debt relief available under the Bankruptcy Code and which form of relief is most likely to be beneficial for you. Be sure you understand the relief you can obtain and its limitations. To file a bankruptcy case, documents called a Petition, Schedules, Statement of Financial Affairs, as well as in some cases a Statement of Intention need to be prepared correctly and filed with the bankruptcy court. You will have to pay a filing fee to the bankruptcy court. Once your case is filed, you will have to attend the required first meeting of creditors where you will be questioned under oath by a court official called a "trustee". At this meeting you may also be questioned by your creditors.

If you choose to file a Chapter 7 case, you may be asked by a creditor to reaffirm a debt. You may want help deciding whether to do so. A creditor is not permitted to coerce you into reaffirming your debts. **It may not be in your best interest to reaffirm a debt.**

If you choose to file a Chapter 13 case in which you repay your creditors what you can afford over a 3 to 5 year period, you may also want help with preparing your Chapter 13 plan and with the confirmation hearing on your plan which will be before a Federal Bankruptcy Judge.

If you select another type of relief under the Bankruptcy Code other than chapter 7 or chapter 13, you will want to find out what should be done from someone familiar with that type of relief. However, please be advised that in most cases, you will only be concerned with chapter 7 and chapter 13.

Your bankruptcy case may also involve litigation. You are generally permitted to represent yourself in litigation in bankruptcy court, but only attorneys, not bankruptcy petition preparers, can give you legal advice.

**ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT**  
I ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF THIS NOTICE  
PURSUANT TO BANKRUPTCY CODE § 527(B)

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DATE:

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